

Maple 2018.2 Integration Test Results
on the problems in "4 Trig functions/4.6 Cosecant"

Test results for the 23 problems in "4.6.0 (a csc)^m (b trg)^n.txt"

Problem 7: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (c \operatorname{csc}(bx+a))^7 / 2 \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 119 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{2c \cos(bx+a) (c \operatorname{csc}(bx+a))^5 / 2}{5b} - \frac{6c^3 \cos(bx+a) \sqrt{c \operatorname{csc}(bx+a)}}{5b} + \frac{6c^4 \sqrt{\sin\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)}{5 \sin\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right) b \sqrt{c \operatorname{csc}(bx+a)} \sqrt{\sin(bx+a)}}$$

Result(type 4, 1084 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{5b} \left(\sqrt{2} \left(\begin{aligned} & -6 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(bx+a)^3 \right. \\ & + 3 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\right. \\ & \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(bx+a)^3 \right. \\ & - 6 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\right. \\ & \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(bx+a)^2 \right. \\ & + 3 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\right. \\ & \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(bx+a)^2 \right. \\ & + 6 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\right. \\ & \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(bx+a) \right) \end{aligned} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -3 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(bx+a) \\
& +6 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \text{EllipticE} \left(\right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \\
& -3 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) + 3\sqrt{2} \cos(bx+a)^2 - \sqrt{2} \cos(bx+a) - 3\sqrt{2} \left(\frac{c}{\sin(bx+a)} \right)^{7/2} \sin(bx+a) \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 8: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (c \csc(bx+a))^{5/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 95 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{-\frac{2c \cos(bx+a) (c \csc(bx+a))^3 / 2}{3b} - \frac{2c^2 \sqrt{\sin\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right)^2} \text{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sqrt{c \csc(bx+a)} \sqrt{\sin(bx+a)}}{3 \sin\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right) b}$$

Result (type 4, 326 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3b \sin(bx+a)^3} \left(\sqrt{2} (-1 + \cos(bx+a))^2 \left(I \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sin(bx+a) \right. \right. \\
& + a) \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(bx+a) \\
& + I \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sin(bx+a) \\
& \left. + a) \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) - \sqrt{2} \cos(bx+a) \right) (\cos(bx+a) + 1)^2 \left(\frac{c}{\sin(bx+a)} \right)^{5/2} \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 9: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (c \csc(bx+a))^3 / 2 dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 95 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{2c \cos(bx+a) \sqrt{c \csc(bx+a)}}{b} + \frac{2c^2 \sqrt{\sin\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right) b \sqrt{c \csc(bx+a)} \sqrt{\sin(bx+a)}}$$

Result(type 4, 532 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{b} \left(\sqrt{2} \left(-2 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \cos(bx+a) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \cos(bx+a) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. -2 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) + \sqrt{2} \right) \left(\frac{c}{\sin(bx+a)} \right)^{3/2} \sin(bx+a) \right)$$

Problem 10: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c \csc(bx+a))^5 / 2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 97 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{2 \cos(bx+a)}{5bc (c \csc(bx+a))^3 / 2} - \frac{6 \sqrt{\sin\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)}{5 \sin\left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{bx}{2}\right) b c^2 \sqrt{c \csc(bx+a)} \sqrt{\sin(bx+a)}}$$

Result(type 4, 562 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{5b \left(\frac{c}{\sin(bx+a)} \right)^{5/2} \sin(bx+a)^3} \left(\sqrt{2} \left(6 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \right. \right. \\
& \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(bx+a) \\
& - 3 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(bx+a) \\
& + 6 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \text{EllipticE} \left(\right. \\
& \left. \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \\
& - 3 \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) + \cos(bx+a) - 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I(-1 + \cos(bx+a))}{\sin(bx+a)}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\right. \\
& \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{-I(I \sin(bx+a) - \cos(bx+a) + 1)}{\sin(bx+a)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) - \sqrt{2} \cos(bx+a)^3 + 4\sqrt{2} \cos(bx+a) - 3\sqrt{2} \right) \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 11: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{\csc(bx+a)^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 43 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{3 \cos(bx+a) \text{hypergeom} \left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6} \right], \left[\frac{11}{6} \right], \sin(bx+a)^2 \right)}{5b \csc(bx+a)^{5/3} \sqrt{\cos(bx+a)^2}}$$

Result (type 8, 148 leaves):

$$-\frac{3I2^{1/3}}{4b \left(\frac{Ie^{I(bx+a)}}{(e^{I(bx+a)})^2 - 1} \right)^{2/3}} + \frac{\left(\int -\frac{2}{(-e^{I(bx+a)})^2 ((e^{I(bx+a)})^2 - 1)^{1/3}} dx \right)^{2^{1/3}} (-e^{I(bx+a)})^2 ((e^{I(bx+a)})^2 - 1)^{1/3}}{2 \left(\frac{Ie^{I(bx+a)}}{(e^{I(bx+a)})^2 - 1} \right)^{2/3} ((e^{I(bx+a)})^2 - 1)}$$

Problem 12: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(c \csc(bx+a))^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 46 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{3 c \cos(b x+a) \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{6}\right],\left[\frac{11}{6}\right], \sin(b x+a)^2\right)}{5 b\left(c \csc(b x+a)\right)^{5 / 3} \sqrt{\cos(b x+a)^2}}$$

Result(type 8, 156 leaves):

$$-\frac{3 I 2^{1 / 3}}{4 b\left(\frac{I c e^{I(b x+a)}}{\left(e^{I(b x+a)}\right)^2-1}\right)^{2 / 3}}+\frac{\left(\int-\frac{2}{\left(-c^2\left(e^{I(b x+a)}\right)^2\left(\left(e^{I(b x+a)}\right)^2-1\right)\right)^{1 / 3}} d x\right) 2^{1 / 3}\left(-c^2\left(e^{I(b x+a)}\right)^2\left(\left(e^{I(b x+a)}\right)^2-1\right)\right)^{1 / 3}}{2\left(\frac{I c e^{I(b x+a)}}{\left(e^{I(b x+a)}\right)^2-1}\right)^{2 / 3}\left(\left(e^{I(b x+a)}\right)^2-1\right)}$$

Problem 13: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int\left(\csc(x)^2\right)^{7 / 2} d x$$

Optimal(type 3, 36 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(\cot(x))}{16}-\frac{5 \cot(x)\left(\csc(x)^2\right)^3 / 2}{24}-\frac{\cot(x)\left(\csc(x)^2\right)^5 / 2}{6}-\frac{5 \cot(x) \sqrt{\csc(x)^2}}{16}$$

Result(type 3, 100 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{96}\left(\sqrt{4}\left(15 \cos(x)^6 \ln\left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)+15 \cos(x)^5-45 \cos(x)^4 \ln\left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)-40 \cos(x)^3+45 \cos(x)^2 \ln\left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)+33 \cos(x)\right.\right. \\ \left.\left.-15 \ln\left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)\right)\right) \sin(x)\left(-\frac{1}{\cos(x)^2-1}\right)^{7 / 2}$$

Problem 14: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int\left(\csc(x)^2\right)^3 / 2 d x$$

Optimal(type 3, 16 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(\cot(x))}{2}-\frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{\csc(x)^2}}{2}$$

Result(type 3, 51 leaves):

$$\frac{\sqrt{4}\left(\cos(x)^2 \ln\left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)+\cos(x)-\ln\left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)\right) \sin(x)\left(-\frac{1}{\cos(x)^2-1}\right)^3 / 2}{4}$$

Problem 18: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int\left(a \csc(x)^3\right)^3 / 2 d x$$

Optimal(type 4, 78 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{10 a \cos(x) \sqrt{a \csc(x)^3}}{21} - \frac{2 a \cot(x) \csc(x) \sqrt{a \csc(x)^3}}{7} - \frac{10 a \sqrt{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right) \sin(x)^3 / 2 \sqrt{a \csc(x)^3}}{21 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right)}$$

Result(type 4, 399 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{168 \sin(x)^3} \left(\sqrt{8} (\cos(x) + 1)^2 (-1 \right. \\ & + \cos(x))^2 \left(5 I \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) + \cos(x) - 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sin(x)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}}}, \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(x)^3 \sin(x) \right. \\ & + 5 I \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) + \cos(x) - 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sin(x)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}}}, \right. \\ & \left. \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) \\ & - 5 I \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) + \cos(x) - 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sin(x)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}}}, \right. \\ & \left. \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(x) \sin(x) \\ & \left. - 5 I \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) + \cos(x) - 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sin(x)}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}}}, \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \sin(x) - 10 \cos(x)^3 + 16 \cos(x) \right) \left(-\frac{2 a}{\sin(x) (\cos(x)^2 - 1)} \right)^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 19: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a \csc(x)^3)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 86 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{14 \cos(x)}{45 a \sqrt{a \csc(x)^3}} - \frac{14 \sqrt{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right)^2} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right), \sqrt{2}\right)}{15 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{x}{2}\right) a \sin(x)^3 / 2 \sqrt{a \csc(x)^3}} - \frac{2 \cos(x) \sin(x)^2}{9 a \sqrt{a \csc(x)^3}}$$

Result(type 4, 376 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{1}{45 \left(-\frac{2a}{\sin(x) (\cos(x)^2 - 1)} \right)^{3/2} \sin(x)^5} \left(\sqrt{8} \left(42 \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) + \cos(x) - 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sin(x)}} \right. \right. \\
& \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(x) \\
& - 21 \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) + \cos(x) - 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sin(x)}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}}, \right. \\
& \left. \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \cos(x) \\
& + 42 \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) + \cos(x) - 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sin(x)}} \text{EllipticE} \left(\sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \\
& - 21 \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) + \cos(x) - 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{\frac{-I (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sin(x)}} \text{EllipticF} \left(\sqrt{\frac{-I (I \sin(x) - \cos(x) + 1)}{\sin(x)}}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \\
& \left. + 10 \cos(x)^5 - 34 \cos(x)^3 + 66 \cos(x) - 42 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 23: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a \csc(fx + e))^m (b \csc(fx + e))^n dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 81 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{a \cos(fx + e) (a \csc(fx + e))^{-1+m} (b \csc(fx + e))^n \text{hypergeom} \left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2} - \frac{n}{2} \right], \left[\frac{3}{2} - \frac{m}{2} - \frac{n}{2} \right], \sin(fx + e)^2 \right)}{f(1 - m - n) \sqrt{\cos(fx + e)^2}}$$

Result (type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int (a \csc(fx + e))^m (b \csc(fx + e))^n dx$$

Test results for the 19 problems in "4.6.1.2 (d csc)^n (a+b csc)^m.txt"

Problem 4: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sin(x)^4}{a + a \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 58 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{15x}{8a} + \frac{4 \cos(x)}{a} - \frac{4 \cos(x)^3}{3a} - \frac{15 \cos(x) \sin(x)}{8a} - \frac{5 \cos(x) \sin(x)^3}{4a} + \frac{\cos(x) \sin(x)^3}{a + a \csc(x)}$$

Result (type 3, 184 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^7}{4 a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} + \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^6}{a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} + \frac{15 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^5}{4 a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} + \frac{10 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4}{a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} - \frac{15 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3}{4 a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} + \frac{34 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}{3 a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} \\ & - \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4 a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} + \frac{10}{3 a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} + \frac{15 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{4 a} + \frac{2}{a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 5: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{a + a \csc(x)} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 20 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-2 \arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + a \csc(x)}}\right) \sqrt{a}$$

Result(type 3, 198 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2(-1 + \cos(x) - \sin(x))} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{a(1 + \sin(x))}{\sin(x)}} \sin(x) \sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \left(\ln \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + 4 \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1\right) + 4 \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1\right) + \ln \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 6: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + a \csc(x)}} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 47 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + a \csc(x)}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{2}}{2 \sqrt{a + a \csc(x)}}\right) \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{a}}$$

Result(type 3, 220 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{4 \sqrt{\frac{a(1+\sin(x))}{\sin(x)}} \sin(x) \sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}}} \left(\sqrt{2} (-1+\cos(x) - \sin(x)) \left(4\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}}\right) - \ln\left(\frac{-\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) - 4 \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1\right) - 4 \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1\right) - \ln\left(\frac{-\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) \right) \right)$$

Problem 7: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \csc(x))^3 / 2} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 60 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + a \csc(x)}}\right)}{a^3 / 2} + \frac{\cot(x)}{2(a + a \csc(x))^3 / 2} + \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{a + a \csc(x)}}\right) \sqrt{2}}{4a^3 / 2}$$

Result(type 3, 1140 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{8 \left(\frac{a(1+\sin(x))}{\sin(x)}\right)^3 / 2 \sin(x)^3 \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)^3 / 2} \left(\sqrt{2} (-1+\cos(x)) \left(10\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}}\right) \cos(x) \sin(x) + \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^2 \left(\left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)^3 / 2 - \sqrt{2} \sin(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)^3 / 2 - \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} - 2 \ln\left(\frac{-\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) \right) \cos(x) \sin(x) - 8 \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1\right) \cos(x) \sin(x) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -8 \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1 \right) \cos(x) \sin(x) - 2 \ln \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) \cos(x) \sin(x) \\
& + 10\sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \right) \cos(x)^2 + 10\sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \right) \cos(x) - 20\sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \right) \sin(x) - \sqrt{2} \left(\right. \\
& \left. -\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^3 / 2 - 2 \ln \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) \cos(x)^2 - 8 \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1 \right) \cos(x)^2 \\
& - 8 \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1 \right) \cos(x)^2 - 2 \ln \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) \cos(x)^2 - 2 \ln \left(\right. \\
& \left. \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) \cos(x) + 4 \ln \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) \sin(x) \\
& - 8 \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1 \right) \cos(x) + 16 \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1 \right) \sin(x) - 8 \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1 \right) \cos(x) \\
& + 16 \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1 \right) \sin(x) - 2 \ln \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) \cos(x) + 4 \ln \left(\right. \\
& \left. \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) \sin(x) + 16 \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1 \right) + 4 \ln \left(\right. \\
& \left. \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) + \sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \sqrt{-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 4 \ln \left(\right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left. - \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) + 16 \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1\right) - 20\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}}\right) \\
& \left. - \sqrt{2} \cos(x) \sin(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{3/2} + \sqrt{2} \cos(x) \sin(x) \sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 8: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + a \csc(x))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 75 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + a \csc(x)}}\right)}{a^{5/2}} + \frac{\cot(x)}{4(a + a \csc(x))^{5/2}} + \frac{11 \cot(x)}{16a(a + a \csc(x))^3/2} + \frac{43 \arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{a} \sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{a + a \csc(x)}}\right) \sqrt{2}}{32a^{5/2}}$$

Result (type 3, 1960 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{128 \left(\frac{a(1+\sin(x))}{\sin(x)}\right)^{5/2} \sin(x)^5 \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)^{5/2}} \left(\sqrt{2} (-1+\cos(x))^2 \left(-344\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}}\right) \cos(x) \sin(x) + 19\sqrt{2} \cos(x)^2 \left(\right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. -\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{3/2} - 19\sqrt{2} \sin(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)^{3/2} + 11\sqrt{2} \cos(x)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} + 64 \ln \left(\right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) \cos(x) \sin(x) + 256 \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1\right) \cos(x) \sin(x) \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. + 256 \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1\right) \cos(x) \sin(x) + 64 \ln \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) \cos(x) \sin(x) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -516\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}}\right) \cos(x)^2 - 344\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}}\right) \cos(x) + 688\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}}\right) \sin(x) - 32 \ln\left(\right. \\
& \left. -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) \cos(x)^3 - 128 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1\right) \cos(x)^3 - 128 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \right. \\
& \left. - 1\right) \cos(x)^3 - 32 \ln\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) \cos(x)^3 + 11\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)^{7/2} + 19\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)^{5/2} \\
& - 19\sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right)^{3/2} + 96 \ln\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) \cos(x)^2 + 384 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \right. \\
& \left. + 1\right) \cos(x)^2 + 384 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1\right) \cos(x)^2 + 96 \ln\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) \cos(x)^2 + 64 \ln\left(\right. \\
& \left. -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) \cos(x) - 128 \ln\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) \sin(x) \\
& + 256 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1\right) \cos(x) - 512 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1\right) \sin(x) + 256 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1\right) \cos(x) \\
& - 512 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1\right) \sin(x) + 64 \ln\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) \cos(x) - 128 \ln\left(\right. \\
& \left. -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \right) \sin(x) - 512 \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1\right) - 128 \ln\left(\right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \left. \right) + 38 \sqrt{2} \cos(x) \sin(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{5/2} + 11 \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{7/2} \\
& + 19 \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{5/2} - 19 \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{3/2} - 11 \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) \sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \\
& - 172 \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \right) \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) + 22 \sqrt{2} \cos(x) \sin(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{7/2} - 11 \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^3 \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{7/2} \\
& - 11 \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^2 \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{7/2} - 19 \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^3 \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{5/2} + 11 \sqrt{2} \cos(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{7/2} + 11 \sqrt{2} \sin(x) \left(\right. \\
& \left. -\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{7/2} - 19 \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^2 \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{5/2} + 19 \sqrt{2} \cos(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{5/2} + 19 \sqrt{2} \sin(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{5/2} \\
& + 19 \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^3 \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{3/2} + 11 \sqrt{2} \cos(x)^3 \sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} - 19 \sqrt{2} \cos(x) \left(-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{3/2} - 11 \sqrt{2} \cos(x) \sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \\
& + 32 \ln \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) + 128 \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1 \right) \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) \\
& + 128 \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 1 \right) \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) - 11 \sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - 11 \sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} - 128 \ln \left(\right. \\
& \left. -\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1} \right) - 512 \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} + 1 \right) + 688 \sqrt{2} \arctan \left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \right) + 32 \ln \left(\right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \cos(x) - \sin(x) - 1}{\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \sqrt{2} \sin(x) - \cos(x) + \sin(x) + 1} \cos(x)^2 \sin(x) + 172\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}}\right) \cos(x)^3 - 38\sqrt{2} \cos(x) \sin(x) \left(\right. \\
& \left. - \frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)} \right)^{3/2} - 22\sqrt{2} \cos(x) \sin(x) \sqrt{-\frac{-1+\cos(x)}{\sin(x)}} \left. \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 9: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{\csc(fx+e)} \sqrt{a+a \csc(fx+e)} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 31 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\cot(fx+e) \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a+a \csc(fx+e)}}\right) \sqrt{a}}{f}$$

Result(type 3, 113 leaves):

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sin(fx+e)}} (-1+\cos(fx+e)) \sqrt{\frac{a(\sin(fx+e)+1)}{\sin(fx+e)}} \left(\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{-1+\cos(fx+e)}{\sin(fx+e)}\right) + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(fx+e)+1}}}\right) \right)}{f(-1+\cos(fx+e)-\sin(fx+e)) \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos(fx+e)+1}}}$$

Problem 10: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+a \csc(dx+c)}}{\csc(dx+c)^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 213 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{3a \cos(dx+c) \csc(dx+c)^{1/3}}{2d\sqrt{a+a \csc(dx+c)}} - \left(3^{3/4} a^2 \cot(dx+c) (1-\csc(dx+c))^{1/3} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\frac{1-\csc(dx+c)^{1/3}-\sqrt{3}}{1-\csc(dx+c)^{1/3}+\sqrt{3}}, I\sqrt{3}+2I\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+\csc(dx+c)^{1/3}+\csc(dx+c)^{2/3}}{(1-\csc(dx+c))^{1/3}+\sqrt{3}}}\right) \Big/ \left(2d(a-a \csc(dx+c)) \sqrt{a+a \csc(dx+c)} \sqrt{\frac{1-\csc(dx+c)^{1/3}}{(1-\csc(dx+c))^{1/3}+\sqrt{3}}}\right)$$

Result(type 8, 402 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{3 I (e^{I(dx+c)} - 2I) (e^{I(dx+c)} + I) 2^{1/3} \sqrt{\frac{a \left((e^{I(dx+c)})^2 + 2I e^{I(dx+c)} - 1 \right)}{(e^{I(dx+c)})^2 - 1}}}{4 d \left((e^{I(dx+c)})^2 + 2I e^{I(dx+c)} - 1 \right) \left(\frac{I e^{I(dx+c)}}{(e^{I(dx+c)})^2 - 1} \right)^{2/3}} + \left(\left(\int \frac{-1 + \frac{I e^{I(dx+c)}}{2} - \frac{(e^{I(dx+c)})^2}{2}}{\left(a^3 \left((e^{I(dx+c)})^2 + 2I e^{I(dx+c)} - 1 \right)^3 \left((e^{I(dx+c)})^2 - 1 \right)^5 (e^{I(dx+c)})^4 \right)^{1/6}} dx \right) \right. \\
& \left. 2^{1/3} \sqrt{\frac{a \left((e^{I(dx+c)})^2 + 2I e^{I(dx+c)} - 1 \right)}{(e^{I(dx+c)})^2 - 1}} \left(a^3 \left((e^{I(dx+c)})^2 + 2I e^{I(dx+c)} - 1 \right)^3 \left((e^{I(dx+c)})^2 - 1 \right)^5 (e^{I(dx+c)})^4 \right)^{1/6} \right) / \left(2 \left((e^{I(dx+c)})^2 \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. + 2I e^{I(dx+c)} - 1 \right) \left(\frac{I e^{I(dx+c)}}{(e^{I(dx+c)})^2 - 1} \right)^{2/3} \left((e^{I(dx+c)})^2 - 1 \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 11: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \csc(dx+c)^n \sqrt{a - a \csc(dx+c)} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 65 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{2 a \cos(dx+c) \csc(dx+c)^{1+n} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, 1-n\right], \left[\frac{3}{2}\right], 1 + \csc(dx+c)\right)}{d (-\csc(dx+c))^n \sqrt{a - a \csc(dx+c)}}$$

Result (type 8, 24 leaves):

$$\int \csc(dx+c)^n \sqrt{a - a \csc(dx+c)} dx$$

Problem 12: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a + a \csc(fx+e))^m \sin(fx+e)^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 72 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2} + m, 3, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + m, 1 + \csc(fx+e), \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\csc(fx+e)}{2}\right) \cot(fx+e) (a + a \csc(fx+e))^m \sqrt{2}}{f(1+2m) \sqrt{1 - \csc(fx+e)}}$$

Result (type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int (a + a \csc(fx+e))^m \sin(fx+e)^2 dx$$

Problem 16: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sin(x)^3}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 96 leaves, 8 steps):

$$-\frac{b(a^2 + 2b^2)x}{2a^4} - \frac{(2a^2 + 3b^2)\cos(x)}{3a^3} + \frac{b\cos(x)\sin(x)}{2a^2} - \frac{\cos(x)\sin(x)^2}{3a} - \frac{2b^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a + b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a^4 \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}$$

Result (type 3, 212 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^5}{a^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^3} - \frac{2b^2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4}{a^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^3} - \frac{4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}{a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^3} - \frac{4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 b^2}{a^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^3} + \frac{b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{a^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^3} - \frac{4}{3a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^3} \\ & - \frac{2b^2}{a^3 \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^3} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctan}\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a^2} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) b^3}{a^4} + \frac{2b^4 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^4 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 17: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \csc(dx + c))^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 103 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{2b(2a^2 - b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a + b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2)^{3/2} d} - \frac{b^2 \cot(dx + c)}{a(a^2 - b^2)d(a + b \csc(dx + c))}$$

Result (type 3, 246 leaves):

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)\right)}{da^2} - \frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)}{d \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b + 2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a + b\right) (a^2 - b^2)}$$

$$-\frac{2b^2}{da \left(\tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right)^2 b + 2 \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) a + b \right) (a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{4b \arctan\left(\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{d(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{2b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{dx}{2} + \frac{c}{2}\right) + 2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{da^2(a^2 - b^2)\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}$$

Problem 18: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \csc(fx + e) (a + b \csc(fx + e))^m dx$$

Optimal(type 6, 90 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{b(1 - \csc(fx + e))}{a + b}, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\csc(fx + e)}{2}\right) \cot(fx + e) (a + b \csc(fx + e))^m \sqrt{2}}{f\left(\frac{a + b \csc(fx + e)}{a + b}\right)^m \sqrt{1 + \csc(fx + e)}}$$

Result(type 8, 21 leaves):

$$\int \csc(fx + e) (a + b \csc(fx + e))^m dx$$

Test results for the 6 problems in "4.6.1.3 (d cos)^n (a+b csc)^m.txt"

Problem 1: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos(x)^4}{a + a \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 36 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{x}{8a} - \frac{\cos(x)^3}{3a} - \frac{\cos(x) \sin(x)}{8a} + \frac{\cos(x)^3 \sin(x)}{4a}$$

Result(type 3, 171 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^7}{4a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} - \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^6}{a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} + \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^5}{4a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} - \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4}{a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} - \frac{7 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3}{4a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} - \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}{3a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} \\ & + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{4a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} - \frac{2}{3a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^4} - \frac{\arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{4a} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cos(x)^2}{a + a \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 23 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{x}{2a} - \frac{\cos(x)}{a} + \frac{\cos(x) \sin(x)}{2a}$$

Result(type 3, 86 leaves):

$$-\frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3}{a\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^2} - \frac{2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}{a\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^2} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{a\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^2} - \frac{2}{a\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1\right)^2} - \frac{\arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a}$$

Problem 6: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sec(x)^4}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 99 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{2a^3 b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a + b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{(a^2 - b^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{\sec(x)^3 (b - a \sin(x))}{3(a^2 - b^2)} - \frac{\sec(x) (3a^2 b - a(2a^2 + b^2) \sin(x))}{3(a^2 - b^2)^2}$$

Result(type 3, 199 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{4}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3 (4a + 4b)} - \frac{2}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)^2 (4a + 4b)} - \frac{a}{(a + b)^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)} - \frac{b}{2(a + b)^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)} \\ & - \frac{4}{3\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^3 (4a - 4b)} + \frac{2}{\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2 (4a - 4b)} - \frac{a}{(a - b)^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)} + \frac{b}{2(a - b)^2 \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)} \\ & - \frac{2a^3 b \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{(a + b)^2 (a - b)^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 10 problems in "4.6.1.4 (d cot)^n (a+b csc)^m.txt"

Problem 1: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\tan(x)^4}{a + a \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 49 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{(15 - 8 \csc(x)) \tan(x)}{15a} + \frac{(5 - 4 \csc(x)) \tan(x)^3}{15a} - \frac{(1 - \csc(x)) \tan(x)^5}{5a}$$

Result(type 3, 101 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{6a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)^3} - \frac{1}{4a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)^2} + \frac{5}{8a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 1\right)} + \frac{2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a} + \frac{2}{5a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^5} - \frac{1}{a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^4} \\ & + \frac{1}{a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)^2} + \frac{11}{8a \left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1\right)} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 4: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cot(x)^6}{a + a \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 43 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x))}{8a} + \frac{\cot(x)^3 (4 - 3 \csc(x))}{12a} - \frac{\cot(x) (8 - 3 \csc(x))}{8a}$$

Result(type 3, 107 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4}{64a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3}{24a} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}{8a} + \frac{5 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{8a} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a} - \frac{1}{64a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4} + \frac{1}{24a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3} + \frac{1}{8a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2} - \frac{5}{8a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \\ & + \frac{3 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{8a} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 10: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cot(x)^6}{a + b \csc(x)} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 168 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x))}{8b} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x))}{2b^3} - \frac{(a^4 - 3a^2b^2 + 3b^4) \operatorname{arctanh}(\cos(x))}{b^5} + \frac{2(a^2 - b^2)^{5/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a + b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{ab^5} \\ & + \frac{a \cot(x)}{b^2} + \frac{a(a^2 - 3b^2) \cot(x)}{b^4} + \frac{a \cot(x)^3}{3b^2} - \frac{3 \cot(x) \csc(x)}{8b} - \frac{(a^2 - 3b^2) \cot(x) \csc(x)}{2b^3} - \frac{\cot(x) \csc(x)^3}{4b} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 3, 362 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4}{64b} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3 a}{24b^2} + \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 a^2}{8b^3} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}{4b} - \frac{\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) a^3}{2b^4} + \frac{9a \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}{8b^2} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{a} - \frac{1}{64 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^4 b} - \frac{a^2}{8b^3 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2} \\ & + \frac{1}{4b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2} + \frac{\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) a^4}{b^5} - \frac{5 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) a^2}{2b^3} + \frac{15 \ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)}{8b} + \frac{a}{24 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^3 b^2} + \frac{a^3}{2b^4 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} - \frac{9a}{8b^2 \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} \\ & - \frac{2a^5 \arctan\left(\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{b^5 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{6a^3 \arctan\left(\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{b^3 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{6a \arctan\left(\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{b \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{2b \arctan\left(\frac{2b \tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 2a}{2\sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 25 problems in "4.6.11 (e x)^m (a+b csc(c+d x^n))^p.txt"

Problem 1: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x^5 (a + b \csc(dx^2 + c)) dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 115 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\frac{ax^6}{6} - \frac{bx^4 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{I(dx^2+c)})}{d} + \frac{Ibx^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, -e^{I(dx^2+c)})}{d^2} - \frac{Ibx^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, e^{I(dx^2+c)})}{d^2} - \frac{b \operatorname{polylog}(3, -e^{I(dx^2+c)})}{d^3} + \frac{b \operatorname{polylog}(3, e^{I(dx^2+c)})}{d^3}$$

Result(type 8, 44 leaves):

$$\frac{ax^6}{6} + \int \frac{2Ibx^5 e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{(e^{I(dx^2+c)})^2 - 1} dx$$

Problem 2: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc(dx^2 + c)) dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 70 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{ax^4}{4} - \frac{bx^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(e^{I(dx^2+c)})}{d} + \frac{Ib \operatorname{polylog}(2, -e^{I(dx^2+c)})}{2d^2} - \frac{Ib \operatorname{polylog}(2, e^{I(dx^2+c)})}{2d^2}$$

Result(type 8, 44 leaves):

$$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \int \frac{2Ibx^3 e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{(e^{I(dx^2+c)})^2 - 1} dx$$

Problem 4: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \csc(dx^2 + c))^2 dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 111 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\frac{a^2 x^4}{4} - \frac{2 a b x^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(e^{I(dx^2+c)}\right)}{d} - \frac{b^2 x^2 \cot(dx^2 + c)}{2d} + \frac{b^2 \ln(\sin(dx^2 + c))}{2d^2} + \frac{I a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -e^{I(dx^2+c)}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{I a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, e^{I(dx^2+c)}\right)}{d^2}$$

Result(type 8, 85 leaves):

$$\frac{a^2 x^4}{4} - \frac{I x^2 b^2}{d \left(\left(e^{I(dx^2+c)} \right)^2 - 1 \right)} + \int \frac{2 I b x \left(2 a d x^2 e^{I(dx^2+c)} + b \right)}{d \left(\left(e^{I(dx^2+c)} \right)^2 - 1 \right)} dx$$

Problem 6: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{a + b \csc(dx^2 + c)} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 344 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x^6}{6a} + \frac{I b x^4 \ln\left(1 - \frac{I a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{2 a d \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{I b x^4 \ln\left(1 - \frac{I a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{2 a d \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{b x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{I a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{b x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{I a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \\ + \frac{I b \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{I a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^3 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{I b \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{I a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^3 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 68 leaves):

$$\frac{x^6}{6a} + \int \frac{-2 I b x^5 e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{a \left(2 I b e^{I(dx^2+c)} + \left(e^{I(dx^2+c)} \right)^2 a - a \right)} dx$$

Problem 8: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b \csc(dx^2 + c)} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 231 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\frac{x^4}{4a} + \frac{I b x^2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{I a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{2 a d \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{I b x^2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{I a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{2 a d \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{I a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{2 a d^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{I a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{2 a d^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}$$

Result(type 8, 68 leaves):

$$\frac{x^4}{4a} + \int \frac{-2Ibx^3 e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{a(2Ibe^{I(dx^2+c)} + (e^{I(dx^2+c)})^2 a - a)} dx$$

Problem 10: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + b \csc(dx^2 + c))^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 999 leaves, 31 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{Ib^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2+b^2)^{3/2} d^3} + \frac{x^6}{6a^2} + \frac{b^2 x^2 \ln\left(1 + \frac{a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{Ib - \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2-b^2) d^2} + \frac{b^2 x^2 \ln\left(1 + \frac{a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{Ib + \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2-b^2) d^2} + \frac{Ib x^4 \ln\left(1 - \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} \\ & - \frac{Ib x^4 \ln\left(1 - \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} - \frac{Ib^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{Ib + \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2-b^2) d^3} + \frac{Ib^3 x^4 \ln\left(1 - \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{2a^2 (-a^2+b^2)^{3/2} d} - \frac{b^3 x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2+b^2)^{3/2} d^2} \\ & + \frac{b^3 x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2+b^2)^{3/2} d^2} - \frac{2Ib \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^3 \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} + \frac{Ib^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2+b^2)^{3/2} d^3} \\ & - \frac{b^2 x^4 \cos(dx^2+c)}{2a(a^2-b^2)d(b+a \sin(dx^2+c))} - \frac{Ib^2 x^4}{2a^2(a^2-b^2)d} - \frac{Ib^3 x^4 \ln\left(1 - \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{2a^2 (-a^2+b^2)^{3/2} d} + \frac{2b x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^2 \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} \\ & - \frac{2b x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^2 \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} - \frac{Ib^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{a e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{Ib - \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2-b^2) d^3} + \frac{2Ib \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{Ia e^{I(dx^2+c)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^3 \sqrt{-a^2+b^2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 215 leaves):

$$\frac{x^6}{6a^2} - \frac{Ib^2 x^4 (Ia + b e^{I(dx^2+c)})}{a^2 (-a^2+b^2) d (2b e^{I(dx^2+c)} - I(e^{I(dx^2+c)})^2 a + Ia)} + \int \frac{-2Ibx^3 (2x^2 a^2 d e^{I(dx^2+c)} - x^2 b^2 d e^{I(dx^2+c)} + 2Ib^2 e^{I(dx^2+c)} - 2ba)}{a^2 (a^2-b^2) d (2Ibe^{I(dx^2+c)} + (e^{I(dx^2+c)})^2 a - a)} dx$$

Problem 14: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b \csc(c + d\sqrt{x})} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 905 leaves, 23 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x^4}{4a} - \frac{10080 I b \operatorname{polylog}\left(7, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) \sqrt{x}}{a d^7 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{1680 I b x^3 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(5, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^5 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{14 b x^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \\
& - \frac{14 b x^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{10080 I b \operatorname{polylog}\left(7, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) \sqrt{x}}{a d^7 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{2 I b x^7 / 2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \\
& - \frac{420 b x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^4 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{420 b x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^4 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{1680 I b x^3 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(5, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^5 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \\
& - \frac{84 I b x^5 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^3 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{5040 b x \operatorname{polylog}\left(6, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^6 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{5040 b x \operatorname{polylog}\left(6, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^6 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \\
& - \frac{10080 b \operatorname{polylog}\left(8, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^8 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{10080 b \operatorname{polylog}\left(8, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^8 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{2 I b x^7 / 2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \\
& + \frac{84 I b x^5 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a d^3 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b \csc(c + d\sqrt{x})} dx$$

Problem 16: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \csc(c + d\sqrt{x}))^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 2040 leaves, 49 steps):

$$-\frac{240 b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(5, -\frac{a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{I b - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^6} - \frac{240 b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(5, -\frac{a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{I b + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^6} - \frac{240 b^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(6, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^3 / 2 d^6}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{240 b^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(6, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^6} + \frac{480 b \operatorname{polylog}\left(6, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^6 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{480 b \operatorname{polylog}\left(6, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^6 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{x^3}{3 a^2} \\
& + \frac{10 b^2 x^2 \ln\left(1 + \frac{a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{I b - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^2} + \frac{10 b^2 x^2 \ln\left(1 + \frac{a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{I b + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^2} - \frac{10 b^3 x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^2} \\
& + \frac{10 b^3 x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^2} + \frac{120 b^2 x \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -\frac{a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{I b - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^4} + \frac{120 b^2 x \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -\frac{a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{I b + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^4} \\
& + \frac{120 b^3 x \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^4} - \frac{120 b^3 x \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^4} + \frac{20 b x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \\
& - \frac{20 b x^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^2 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{240 b x \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^4 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{240 b x \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^4 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{2 I b^2 x^5 / 2}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d} \\
& - \frac{240 I b^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(5, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) \sqrt{x}}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^5} + \frac{480 I b \operatorname{polylog}\left(5, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) \sqrt{x}}{a^2 d^5 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{4 I b x^5 / 2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \\
& + \frac{240 I b^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(5, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) \sqrt{x}}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^5} + \frac{80 I b x^3 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^3 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{2 I b^3 x^5 / 2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d} \\
& + \frac{240 I b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, -\frac{a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{I b - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) \sqrt{x}}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^5} + \frac{40 I b^3 x^3 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^3} + \frac{240 I b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, -\frac{a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{I b + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right) \sqrt{x}}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^5} \\
& - \frac{480 I b \operatorname{polylog}\left(5, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right) \sqrt{x}}{a^2 d^5 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{2 b^2 x^5 / 2 \cos(c + d\sqrt{x})}{a (a^2 - b^2) d (b + a \sin(c + d\sqrt{x}))} - \frac{2 I b^3 x^5 / 2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{40 I b^2 x^3 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{I b - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^3} - \frac{40 I b^2 x^3 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{I b + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (a^2 - b^2) d^3} - \frac{40 I b^3 x^3 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 (-a^2 + b^2)^{3/2} d^3} \\
& - \frac{4 I b x^5 / 2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{80 I b x^3 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{I a e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{a^2 d^3 \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \operatorname{csc}(c + d\sqrt{x}))^2} dx$$

Problem 18: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x^3 / 2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}(c + d\sqrt{x}))^2 dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 344 leaves, 21 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{6 I b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, e^{2 I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right)}{d^5} + \frac{2 a^2 x^5 / 2}{5} - \frac{8 a b x^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right)}{d} - \frac{2 b^2 x^2 \cot(c + d\sqrt{x})}{d} + \frac{8 b^2 x^3 / 2 \ln\left(1 - e^{2 I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{2 I b^2 x^2}{d} \\
& + \frac{16 I a b x^3 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{16 I a b x^3 / 2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{48 a b x \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{48 a b x \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right)}{d^3} \\
& - \frac{12 I b^2 x \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, e^{2 I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{96 a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(5, -e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right)}{d^5} - \frac{96 a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(5, e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right)}{d^5} + \frac{12 b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, e^{2 I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right) \sqrt{x}}{d^4} \\
& + \frac{96 I a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right) \sqrt{x}}{d^4} - \frac{96 I a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, -e^{I(c+d\sqrt{x})}\right) \sqrt{x}}{d^4}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int x^3 / 2 (a + b \operatorname{csc}(c + d\sqrt{x}))^2 dx$$

Problem 24: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(e x)^{-1+2 n}}{a + b \operatorname{csc}(c + d x^n)} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 310 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\frac{(ex)^{2n}}{2aen} + \frac{Ib(ex)^{2n} \ln\left(1 - \frac{Iae^{I(c+dx^n)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{adenx^n \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{Ib(ex)^{2n} \ln\left(1 - \frac{Iae^{I(c+dx^n)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{adenx^n \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{b(ex)^{2n} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{Iae^{I(c+dx^n)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{ad^2enx^{2n} \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$- \frac{b(ex)^{2n} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{Iae^{I(c+dx^n)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{ad^2enx^{2n} \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}$$

Result (type 4, 1335 leaves):

$$\frac{-(-1+2n)(I\pi \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^3 - I\pi \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2 \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) - I\pi \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2 \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) + I\pi \operatorname{csgn}(Iex) \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) - 2 \ln(x) - 2 \ln(e))}{2an} x e$$

$$- \frac{1}{aend \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}} \left(b(e^n)^2 \sqrt{(-1)^{\operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^3}} (-1)^{\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)}{2}} x^n \ln\left(\frac{Ie^{Ic} b + ae^{I(dx^n+2c)} - \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}}{Ie^{Ic} b - \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}}\right) \right.$$

$$\left. e^{-I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)} e^{I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{-I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^3} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \pi \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \pi \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{Ic} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{aend \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}} \left(b(e^n)^2 \sqrt{(-1)^{\operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^3}} (-1)^{\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)}{2}} x^n \ln\left(\frac{Ie^{Ic} b + ae^{I(dx^n+2c)} + \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}}{Ie^{Ic} b + \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}}\right) \right.$$

$$\left. e^{-I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)} e^{I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{-I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^3} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \pi \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \pi \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{Ic} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{aend^2 \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}} \left(Ib(e^n)^2 \sqrt{(-1)^{\operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^3}} (-1)^{\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)}{2}} \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{Ie^{Ic} b}{Ie^{Ic} b - \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}}\right) \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{ae^{I(dx^n+2c)}}{Ie^{Ic} b - \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}}{Ie^{Ic} b - \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}} \right)$$

$$e^{-I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)} e^{I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{-I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^3} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \pi \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \pi \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{Ic} \right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{aend^2 \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}} \left(Ib(e^n)^2 \sqrt{(-1)^{\operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^3}} (-1)^{\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)}{2}} \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{Ie^{Ic} b}{Ie^{Ic} b + \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}}\right) \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{ae^{I(dx^n+2c)}}{Ie^{Ic} b + \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}}{Ie^{Ic} b + \sqrt{-e^{2Ic} b^2 + e^{2Ic} a^2}} \right)$$

$$e^{-I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)} e^{I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{-I\pi n \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^3} e^{-\frac{I}{2} \pi \operatorname{csgn}(Ie) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{-\frac{I}{2} \pi \operatorname{csgn}(Ix) \operatorname{csgn}(Iex)^2} e^{Ic}$$

Problem 25: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(ex)^{-1+3n}}{a + b \operatorname{csc}(c + dx^n)} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 459 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(ex)^{3n}}{3aen} + \frac{Ib(ex)^{3n} \ln\left(1 - \frac{Iae^{I(c+dx^n)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{adenx^n \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{Ib(ex)^{3n} \ln\left(1 - \frac{Iae^{I(c+dx^n)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{adenx^n \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{2b(ex)^{3n} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{Iae^{I(c+dx^n)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{ad^2 enx^{2n} \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \\ & - \frac{2b(ex)^{3n} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{Iae^{I(c+dx^n)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{ad^2 enx^{2n} \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} + \frac{2Ib(ex)^{3n} \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{Iae^{I(c+dx^n)}}{b - \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{ad^3 enx^{3n} \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} - \frac{2Ib(ex)^{3n} \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{Iae^{I(c+dx^n)}}{b + \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}}\right)}{ad^3 enx^{3n} \sqrt{-a^2 + b^2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 172 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x e^{(-1+3n) \left(\ln(e) + \ln(x) - \frac{I\pi \operatorname{csgn}(Iex) (-\operatorname{csgn}(Iex) + \operatorname{csgn}(Ie)) (-\operatorname{csgn}(Iex) + \operatorname{csgn}(Ix))}{2} \right)}}{3an} + \\ & \int \frac{-2Ibe^{(-1+3n) \left(\ln(e) + \ln(x) - \frac{I\pi \operatorname{csgn}(Iex) (-\operatorname{csgn}(Iex) + \operatorname{csgn}(Ie)) (-\operatorname{csgn}(Iex) + \operatorname{csgn}(Ix))}{2} \right)}} e^{I(c+d e^{\ln(x)n})}}{a \left(2Ibe^{I(c+d e^{\ln(x)n})} + a \left(e^{I(c+d e^{\ln(x)n})} \right)^2 - a \right)} dx \end{aligned}$$

Test results for the 10 problems in "4.6.3.1 (a+b csc)^m (d csc)^n (A+B csc).txt"

Problem 8: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a + a \operatorname{csc}(dx + c)) (A - A \operatorname{csc}(dx + c))}{\operatorname{csc}(dx + c)^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 15 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{aA \cos(dx + c)^3}{3d}$$

Result (type 3, 34 leaves):

$$\frac{-\frac{Aa(2 + \sin(dx + c)^2) \cos(dx + c)}{3} + \cos(dx + c) Aa}{d}$$

Test results for the 1 problems in "4.6.4.2 (a+b csc)^m (d csc)^n (A+B csc+C csc^2).txt"

Test results for the 10 problems in "4.6.7 (d trig)^m (a+b (c csc)^n)^p.txt"

Problem 3: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \csc(dx + c))^3} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 130 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{x}{a^3} + \frac{b \cot(dx + c)}{4a(a+b)d(a+b+b \cot(dx+c))^2} + \frac{b(7a+4b) \cot(dx+c)}{8a^2(a+b)^2d(a+b+b \cot(dx+c))^2} + \frac{(15a^2+20ba+8b^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\cot(dx+c)\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a+b}}\right) \sqrt{b}}{8a^3(a+b)^{5/2}d}$$

Result(type 3, 362 leaves):

$$\frac{\arctan(\tan(dx+c))}{da^3} + \frac{9b \tan(dx+c)^3}{8da(a \tan(dx+c)^2 + \tan(dx+c)^2 b + b)^2(a+b)} + \frac{b^2 \tan(dx+c)^3}{2da^2(a \tan(dx+c)^2 + \tan(dx+c)^2 b + b)^2(a+b)}$$

$$+ \frac{7b^2 \tan(dx+c)}{8da(a \tan(dx+c)^2 + \tan(dx+c)^2 b + b)^2(a^2 + 2ba + b^2)} + \frac{b^3 \tan(dx+c)}{2da^2(a \tan(dx+c)^2 + \tan(dx+c)^2 b + b)^2(a^2 + 2ba + b^2)}$$

$$- \frac{15b \arctan\left(\frac{\tan(dx+c)(a+b)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{8da(a^2 + 2ba + b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{5b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\tan(dx+c)(a+b)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{2da^2(a^2 + 2ba + b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}} - \frac{b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\tan(dx+c)(a+b)}{\sqrt{(a+b)b}}\right)}{da^3(a^2 + 2ba + b^2)\sqrt{(a+b)b}}$$

Problem 4: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (a + b \csc(dx + c))^3 dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 101 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{a^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\cot(dx+c)\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a+b+b \cot(dx+c)^2}}\right)}{d} - \frac{(3a+b) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\cot(dx+c)\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a+b+b \cot(dx+c)^2}}\right) \sqrt{b}}{2d} - \frac{b \cot(dx+c) \sqrt{a+b+b \cot(dx+c)^2}}{2d}$$

Result(type 3, 1285 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{4d\sqrt{-a} \sin(dx+c)^3 \left(-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c) + 1)^2}\right)^{3/2}} \left(\left(\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{\cos(dx+c)^2 - 1}\right)^{3/2} (-1 + \cos(dx+c))^2 \left(b^{3/2} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-a} \ln \left(\frac{2(-1 + \cos(dx+c)) \left(\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c) + 1)^2}} + \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c) + 1)^2}} \sqrt{b} + a \cos(dx+c) + a + b \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx+c)^2} \right) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -b^3/2 \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-a} \ln \left(-\frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} + \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} \sqrt{b} - a \cos(dx+c) + a + b \right)}{-1 + \cos(dx+c)} \right) \\
& -b^3/2 \ln \left(\frac{2(-1 + \cos(dx+c)) \left(\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} + \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} \sqrt{b} + a \cos(dx+c) + a + b \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx+c)^2} \right) \sqrt{-a} \\
& +b^3/2 \ln \left(-\frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} + \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} \sqrt{b} - a \cos(dx+c) + a + b \right)}{-1 + \cos(dx+c)} \right) \sqrt{-a} + 3\sqrt{b} \cos(dx \\
& +c) \sqrt{-a} \ln \left(\frac{2(-1 + \cos(dx+c)) \left(\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} + \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} \sqrt{b} + a \cos(dx+c) + a + b \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx+c)^2} \right) a \\
& -3\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-a} \ln \left(-\frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} + \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} \sqrt{b} - a \cos(dx+c) + a + b \right)}{-1 + \cos(dx+c)} \right) a \\
& -3\sqrt{b} \ln \left(\frac{2(-1 + \cos(dx+c)) \left(\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} + \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} \sqrt{b} + a \cos(dx+c) + a + b \right)}{\sqrt{b} \sin(dx+c)^2} \right) a \sqrt{-a} \\
& +3\sqrt{b} \ln \left(-\frac{4 \left(\sqrt{b} \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} + \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} \sqrt{b} - a \cos(dx+c) + a + b \right)}{-1 + \cos(dx+c)} \right) a \sqrt{-a} + 2 \cos(dx \\
& +c) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} b - 4 \cos(dx+c) \ln \left(4 \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c)+1)^2}} - 4 a \cos(dx+c) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{-\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c) + 1)^2}} \Bigg) a^2 + 4a^2 \ln \left(4 \cos(dx+c) \sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{-\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c) + 1)^2}} - 4a \cos(dx+c) \right. \\
& \left. + 4\sqrt{-a} \sqrt{\frac{-\cos(dx+c)^2 a - a - b}{(\cos(dx+c) + 1)^2}} \right) \Bigg)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 5: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \csc(dx+c))^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 162 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\cot(dx+c) \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a+b+b \cot(dx+c)^2}}\right)}{a^{7/2} d} + \frac{b \cot(dx+c)}{5a(a+b)d(a+b+b \cot(dx+c)^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{b(9a+5b) \cot(dx+c)}{15a^2(a+b)^2 d(a+b+b \cot(dx+c)^2)^3} \\
& + \frac{b(33a^2+40ba+15b^2) \cot(dx+c)}{15a^3(a+b)^3 d \sqrt{a+b+b \cot(dx+c)^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type ?, 4814 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 6: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (1 + \csc(x)^2)^2 dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 37 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{2}}{2}\right) - \arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x)}{\sqrt{2 + \cot(x)^2}}\right) - \frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{2 + \cot(x)^2}}{2}$$

Result(type 3, 311 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{1}{2 \sin(x)^3 \left(-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}\right)^3} \left(\left(\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{\cos(x)^2 - 1}\right)^3 (-1 + \cos(x))^2 \left(\cos(x) \sqrt{\frac{-\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} + 2 \cos(x) \ln \left(\right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. 2 \left(\cos(x) \sqrt{\frac{-\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} + \cos(x)^2 + \cos(x) - \sqrt{\frac{-\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} - 2 \right) \right) \right) - 2 \cos(x) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 3 \cos(x) + 2}{\sqrt{\frac{-\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} \sin(x)^2}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + 2 \cos(x) \arctan\left(\frac{\cos(x) (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} \sin(x)^2}\right) - 2 \ln\left(\frac{2\left(\cos(x)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} + \cos(x)^2 + \cos(x) - \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} - 2\right)}{\sin(x)^2}\right) \\
& + 2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 3 \cos(x) + 2}{\sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} \sin(x)^2}\right) - 2 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\cos(x) (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} \sin(x)^2}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 7: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \csc(x)^2} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 25 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{2}}{2}\right) - \arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x)}{\sqrt{2 + \cot(x)^2}}\right)$$

Result (type 3, 165 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{1}{4 \sin(x) \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}}} \left(\sqrt{4} \sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{\cos(x)^2 - 1}} (-1 + \cos(x)) \left(\ln\left(\frac{2\left(\cos(x)^2 \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} + \cos(x)^2 + \cos(x) - \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} - 2\right)}{\sin(x)^2}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 3 \cos(x) + 2}{\sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} \sin(x)^2}\right) \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. + 2 \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\cos(x) (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} \sin(x)^2}\right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 8: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \csc(x)^2}} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 14 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\arctan\left(\frac{\cot(x)}{\sqrt{2 + \cot(x)^2}}\right)$$

Result(type 3, 71 leaves):

$$\frac{\sin(x) \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\cos(x) (-1 + \cos(x))}{\sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{(\cos(x) + 1)^2}} \sin(x)^2}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{\cos(x)^2 - 2}{\cos(x)^2 - 1}} (-1 + \cos(x))}$$

Problem 9: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (1 - \csc(x)^2)^3 / 2 \, dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 27 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{\cot(x) \sqrt{-\cot(x)^2}}{2} + \ln(\sin(x)) \sqrt{-\cot(x)^2} \tan(x)$$

Result(type 3, 88 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{8 \cos(x)^3} \left(\left(4 \cos(x)^2 \ln\left(\frac{2}{\cos(x) + 1}\right) - 4 \cos(x)^2 \ln\left(-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right) + \cos(x)^2 - 4 \ln\left(\frac{2}{\cos(x) + 1}\right) + 4 \ln\left(-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right) + 1 \right) \sqrt{4} \sin(x) \left(\frac{\cos(x)^2}{\cos(x)^2 - 1}\right)^{3/2} \right)$$

Problem 10: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \sqrt{-1 + \csc(x)^2} \, dx$$

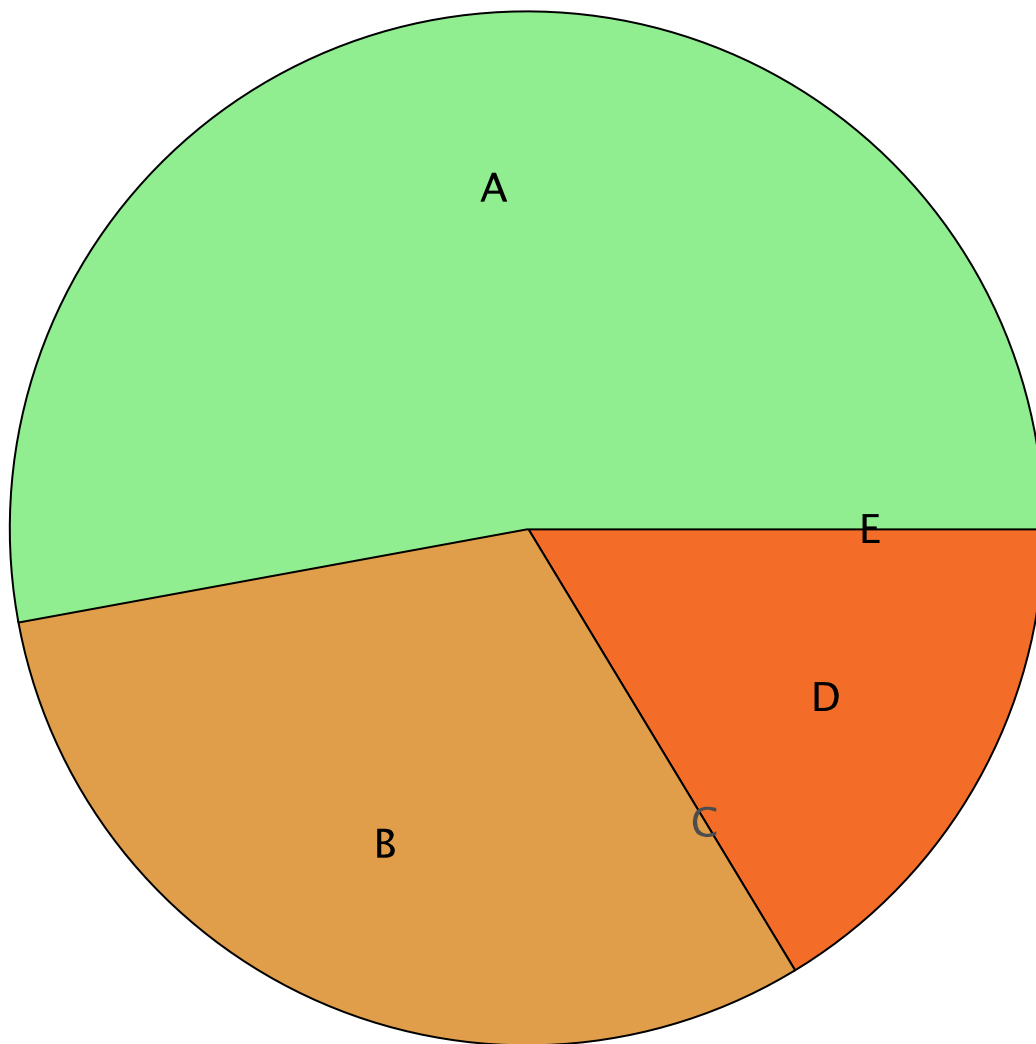
Optimal(type 3, 12 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\ln(\sin(x)) \sqrt{\cot(x)^2} \tan(x)$$

Result(type 3, 50 leaves):

$$\frac{\sqrt{4} \left(\ln\left(\frac{2}{\cos(x) + 1}\right) - \ln\left(-\frac{-1 + \cos(x)}{\sin(x)}\right) \right) \sin(x) \sqrt{-\frac{\cos(x)^2}{\cos(x)^2 - 1}}}{2 \cos(x)}$$

Summary of Integration Test Results



- A - 55 optimal antiderivatives
- B - 32 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives
- C - 0 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives
- D - 17 unable to integrate problems
- E - 0 integration timeouts